OILSTONES AND WHETSTONES.

PRODUCTION.

The value of the production of this class of abrasives in 1898 was the largest ever recorded, amounting to \$180,738, an increase of \$30,768 over that of 1897, and \$24,857 more than 1895, the year of previous maximum production. The product in 1898 consisted of 969,215 pounds of oilstones and water whetstones (against 846,000 pounds in 1897); 140,000 pounds of shoemakers and kitchen rubstones (a decrease from 240,000 pounds in 1897); 1,500 pounds of razor hones; 28,000 pounds of marble-cutters' rubstones; 150 gross of tablestones; and 25,242 gross of scythestones (an increase from 18,000 gross in 1897).

The rough material from which our oilstones, etc., are made is obtained from various localities in the United States. The finer grades of oilstones are made from two grades of novaculite quarried in the vicinity of Hot Springs, Arkansas, and known, respectfully, as "Arkansas" and "Washita" stone. Fine grained sandstone, called "Hindostan" or "Orange" stone, from Orange County, Indiana; Lake Superior stone, quarried in Cuyahoga County, Ohio, and a similar material, known as Labrador stone, from Cortland County, New York, and chocolate stone, from Lisbon, New Hampshire, are used for whetstones. Scythestones and rubstones are made from Indian Pond and Lamoille stone, quarried in Grafton County, New Hampshire, and Orleans County, Vermont; from Berea, Ohio, grit (which also furnishes grindstones), and from some of the Indiana sandstone.

In the following table showing the value of the production of oilstones, whetstones, scythestones, etc., since 1891, the values given are for the finished stones, that being the first condition in which the product is marketed:

Value of oilstones, whetstones, etc., produced in the United States since 1891.

Year.	Value.	
1891	\$150,000	
1892	146, 730	
1893	135, 173	
1891	136, 873	
1895	155, 881	
1896	127, 098	
1897	149, 970	
1898	180, 486	

From 1880 to 1890, inclusive, the product and value of the rough stone has been published in these reports, exception being made in the case of the output for 1890, when the value for the unfinished product was given for the novaculite of Arkansas, and in all other cases the value of the finished stones is quoted. The annual production from 1880 to 1890 was as follows:

Product of vilstones and whetstones from 1880 to 1890.

Year.	Quantity.	Value.
	Pounds.	
1880	420,000	\$8,000
1881	500, 000	8,580
1882	600, 000	10,000
1883	600, 000	10,000
1884	800, 000	12,000
1885	1,000,000	15,000
1886	1, 160, 000	15,000
1887	1, 200, 000	16,000
1888	1, 500, 000	18,000
1889	5, 982, 000	32, 980
1890		69, 909

IMPORTS.

The following table shows the total value of all kinds of hones and whetstones imported since 1880:

Imports of hones and whetstones since 1880.

Year ending—	Value.	Year ending-	Value.
June 30, 1880	\$14, 185	Dec. 31, 1890	\$37, 454
1881	16, 631	1891	35, 344
1882	27, 882	1892	33, 420
1883	30, 178	1893	25, 301
1884	26, 513	1894	26, 671
1885	21, 434	1895	32, 439
Dec. 31, 1886	21, 141	1896	50, 588
1887	24,093	1897	34, 483
1888	30, 676	1898	30, 856
1889	27, 400		